Relative clauses 1: clauses with who/that/which

Study this example situation:		
Last week we had a party and a lot of people came. Everybody enjoyed it.		
Everybody who came to the party enjoyed it.		
A clause is a part of a sentence. A relative clause tells us which person or thing (or what kind of person or thing) the speaker means: the woman who lives next door to me ('who lives next door to me' tells us which woman) people who complain all the time ('who complain all the time' tells us what kind of people)		
We use who in a relative clause for people (not things): The woman who lives next door to me is a doctor. I don't like people who complain all the time. An architect is someone who designs buildings. What was the name of the person who called? Do you know anyone who wants to buy a car?		
We also use that for people, but not which : The woman that lives next door to me is a doctor. (<i>not</i> the woman which)		
Sometimes you must use who (<i>not</i> that) for people – see Unit 95.		
When we are talking about things, we use that or which (<i>not</i> who) in a relative clause: I don't like stories that have unhappy endings. or stories which have unhappy endings. Grace works for a company that makes furniture. or a company which makes furniture. The machine that broke down is working again now. or The machine which broke down In these examples that is more usual than which , but sometimes you must use which . See Unit 95.		
In relative clauses we use who/that/which, not he/she/they/it. Compare: I met a Canadian woman at the party. She is an English teacher. (2 sentences) I met a Canadian woman who is an English teacher. (1 sentence) I can't find the keys. They were on the table. Where are the keys that were on the table? (not the keys they were)		
What = the thing(s) that		
Compare what and that: What happened was my fault. (= the thing that happened) but Everything that happened was my fault. (not Everything what happened) The machine that broke down is now working again. (not The machine what broke down)		

Exercises

92.1	What do these words m	ean? Choose from the box and wri	te sentences with who.
	steals from a shop designs buildings doesn't tell the truth is not brave	buys something from a shop pays rent to live somewhere breaks into a house to steal things expects the worst to happen	
	2 (a customer)		puildings.
92.2	Make one sentence fror	n two. Use who/that/which.	
		e accident. She is now in hospital.	hospital.
	3	e was impolite and impatient.	riospital.
	The		
	9	ved in the fire. It has now been rebuilt	
		ested. They have now been released	
	The		
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92.3	Complete the sentence	s. Choose from the box and use wh	o/that/which.
	happened in the past runs away from home cannot be explained	makes furniture can support life has stayed there of relativity were hanging on the w	
	 The movie is about a g What happened to the A mystery is somethin I've heard it's a good h History is the study of Albert Einstein was the 	girl	
92.4	Are these sentences rig	ht or wrong? Correct them where r	ecessary.
	 I don't like stories who have unhappy endings. What was the name of the person who phoned? Where's the nearest shop who sells bread? Dan said some things about me they were not true. The driver which caused the accident was fined £500. Do you know the person that took these pictures? We live in a world what is changing all the time. Gary apologised for what he said. What was the name of the horse what won the race? 		stories that have OK